

GSA SmartPay-Purchase Management Essentials

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GSA SmartPay TRAINING FORUM

August 6-8, 2024 New Orleans, LA



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Overview



GSA SmartPay Program Overview

- More than 250 Federal Government agencies/ organizations can access charge card products and services through the GSA SmartPay 3 Master Contract
- Over 4.6 million accounts
- > GSA SmartPay Master Contract awarded in 1998
- > Enables authorized employees to make purchases on behalf of the Federal Government in support of their agency's mission









GSA SmartPay Program Overview

- ➤ Federal Government agencies/organizations issue task orders against the GSA SmartPay 3 Master Contract for charge card products and services from one of two contractor banks: Citibank and U.S. Bank
- Agencies/organizations pay no direct fees for using the GSA SmartPay Program
- Agencies/organizations have the opportunity to earn refunds



Banks and Brands

GSA SmartPay Account Service Providers

Citibank

- Mastercard
- Visa
- WEX (Fleet)

U.S. Bank

- Mastercard
- Visa
- Voyager (Fleet)

GSA SmartPay Master Contract

- > Fixed price, IDIQ contract
- Maximum base period for the initial order is 4 years with three 3-year options (13 years)
- > The 4-year base period ended on November 29, 2022.
- Agency awarded a task order to a GSA SmartPay contractor bank and to a brand
- Download a copy at <u>smartpay.gsa.gov</u>

We are here!

**

2018**–2022**

(4-year base period)

2022-2025

(3-year option)

2025-2028

(3-year option)

2028-2031

(3-year option)

Key Participants



GSA SmartPay Key Participants



A/OPC Roles and Responsibilities

- Focal point for answering charge card program-related questions
- Setting up, maintaining, renewing, and terminating accounts
- > Serves as a liaison between account holders and the contractor bank; assists with training account holders
- Providing ongoing advice and assistance to account holders

A/OPC Roles and Responsibilities

- Developing agency policies and procedures, as needed
- > Auditing accounts as required by your agency policy
- ➤ Using the bank's Electronic Access System (EAS) to perform account management and oversight

Suspending/Canceling Accounts

Number Calendar Days	Account Status/Action	
46 days from the billing date	Pre-Suspension	
61 days from the billing date	Suspension/ Pre-Cancellation	
126 days from the billing date	Cancellation	
180 days from the billing date	Charge-Off/Write-Off	

Closing/Terminating Accounts

- > Immediately notify the contractor bank
- Follow the account close-out procedures from your contractor bank
- ➤ Instruct the account holder to destroy/dispose of the card
- > Review the master file/account holder listing to ensure the account is closed

Lost or Stolen Account

Instruct account holders to report a lost/stolen purchase account to:

- > Contractor bank
- >A/OPC
- > Supervisor



GSA SmartPay Purchase Business Line



Tier 1 Offerings

- Required product/service offerings
- > Same for each contractor bank

Tier 1 Offerings

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All Business Lines		Purchase Business Line	
 24-hour EAS Customer Service Accounts Payable File Review Association Program Management Tools Chip and PIN/Signature Cards Email/SMS Alert Service Payable—Supplier-Initiated Payments (SIP) (refund based) Ghost Card Interchange-Based Government (G2G) Transactions (Fee-based)* Real-Time Web Assistance Single Use Account (SUA) Tokenization Virtual Cards Virtual Cards 	 Convenience Checks (Fee-based)* Declining Balance Cards Foreign Currency Cards 		
	* Most Tier 1 products/services are provided at no additional cost with two exceptions: Non-Interchange G2G and Convenience Checks require a fee for use.		

Tier 2 Offerings

- > Value-added product/service offerings
- > Varies by contractor bank

Tier 2 Offerings

All Business Lines	Purchase Business Line		
Vary by Bank (Proprietary Offerings)	Vary by Bank (Proprietary Offerings)		
 Additional Authorization Controls Additional Data Mining Tools Additional International Customer Service Combined Charge Card/ID Card Commercially Offered Convenience 	Optional ATM Access		
Services Emerging TechnologyePayables—Buyer Initiated Payments	Most all Tier 2 products/services are fee-based (i.e., requires payment of a fee to use).		
(BIP)ePayables—Straight-Through Processing (STP)Software			



Policy and Regulation





What is a Micro-Purchase (MPT)?

- From FAR 13.201(b): "The Governmentwide commercial purchase card shall be the preferred method to purchase and to pay for micropurchases (see FAR 2.101)."
- > From <u>FAR 2.101</u>:
 - "Micro-purchase means an acquisition of supplies or services using simplified acquisition procedures, the aggregate amount of which does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold."

Evolution of the MPT (FAR Subpart 2.101)

FY2019 NDAA Section 821—MPT (DoD)—\$10,000

FY2018 NDAA Section 806—MPT (Civilian)—\$10,000

FY2017 NDAA—Institutions of Higher Learning, Nonprofit Entities and Research Orgs (DoD)—\$10,000

FY2017 NDAA—DoD Basic Research Prog and Science/ Technology Reinvention Labs—\$10,000

FY2017 NDAA—MPT (DoD)—\$5,000

FY2015 FAR ETA—\$3,500

FY2010 FAR ETA—\$3,000

FY1994 FASA—\$2,500

MPT Exception for Construction

Definition: Construction, alteration, or repair of buildings, structures, or other real property

- > Altering, remodeling, and installation onsite of items fabricated off-site
- > Dredging
- Painting* and decorating (at the time of construction or as an alteration or repair)



^{*}when performed as part of construction, alteration, repair, or improvement; > 200sf when done separately.

MPT Exception for Services

Definition: Services directly engage the time and effort of a contractor whose primary purpose is to perform an identifiable task.

- Services are performed by skilled and unskilled persons and include job categories subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards (SCLS) (formerly the Service Contract Act). MPT = \$2500
- Professional Services are performed by persons who are recognized professionals based on a prolonged course of study and not subject to SCLS. MPT = \$10,000





MPT for Supplies

Definition: All property except land or interest in land (FAR 2.101).

MPT = \$10,000

<u>FAR Subpart 8.405-1</u>: Eligible ordering activities can use Federal Supply Schedules (FSS) (also called "GSA Schedules") to place orders for supplies at or below the MPT. Ordering activities are not required to solicit quotes from a specific number of Schedule Contractors but should rotate orders among all qualified Schedule Contractors.

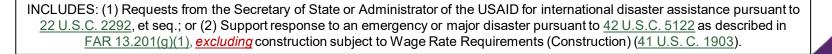






MPT Exception for Contingency Operations

- To support contingency ops or facilitate defense against or recovery from cyber, nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack
- MPT is \$20,000 if awarded and performed, or if purchase to be made <u>INSIDE</u> the United States
- MPT is \$35,000 if awarded and performed, or if purchase to be made <u>OUTSIDE</u> the United States





Methods of Use (FAR 13.301)

Within the confines of the MPT and the authority of the account holder, purchase accounts can be used as...

Procurement Mechanism

Acquire and pay for goods and services by means other than the use of an existing contract. (i.e., Open Market)

Ordering Mechanism

Order goods and services under an existing contract only if authorized in the contract itself.

Payment Mechanism

Pay for goods and services when the contractor agrees to accept contract payment(s) using the card.

Uses Under/Over the MPT (FAR 13.301)

MPT	Who	Procure	Order	Pay
< or = MPT	All Account Holders	Yes	Yes	Yes
> MPT	Account Holder who is also a Contracting Officer/Ordering Officer (for orders) or Payment Official (for payments)	No ¹	Yes ^{2&3}	Yes ⁴

¹Transactions over the MPT must comply with applicable Federal procurement laws, regulations, and agency policies (i.e., public notification, competition, selection, etc.).

² Both the account holder limit AND the Contracting Officer/Ordering Officer authority (warrant) limit applies to the transaction. (e.g., Unlimited Warrant and a single transaction limit of \$250,000, orders cannot exceed \$250,000.)

³ Certification of funds availability is required prior to making the purchase.

⁴Exceptions for cards used solely for contract payments.

Micro-Purchase Mythbusting

- OMB Circular A-123 Appendix B, Section 3.7 and FAR subparts 6.001, 8.405-1, 8.405-2, 9.104-7 and 13.301.
- > FAR requirements that do not apply at or below the MPT include:
 - Do Not Pay List
 - System for Award Management (SAM)
 - Representation/Certification of Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or Felony Conviction
 - Written Quotes
 - Competition (instead, rotate vendors)

Required Sources—FAR 8.002(a)(1) & (2)

Sources (Consider in Numerical Order)	Supplies	Services
Inventories of the requiring agency (FAR 8.002(a)(1)(i))	1	
Excess from other agencies (<u>FAR 8.103</u>)	2	
Federal Prison Industries (FPI) (operates under the trade name UNICOR) (FAR 8.603) www.unicor.gov	3	2
AbilityOne (includes National Industries for the Blind (NIB) and SourceAmerica jointly)—supplies and services found on the Procurement List (FAR 8.704) www.abilityone.gov/procurement_list/index.html	4	1
Wholesale supply sources, such as stock programs of GSA, DLA, VA (<u>FAR 8.002(a)(1)(v)</u>)	5	
Commercial Sources	6	2

Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act

- > OMB Circular A-123, Appendix B, Chapter 9
- > Applies to Information and Communication Technology (ICT) purchases.
- > Account holders making purchases subject to 508 requirements should:
 - Understand Section 508 responsibilities
 - o Spend a reasonable amount of time on market research
 - Consider the degree of risk for accessibility
 - Use available tools and resources
- ➤ The <u>Accessibility Requirements Tool (ART)</u> can be found at <u>app.buyaccessible.gov/</u>
- > Check out the U.S. Access Board at access-board.gov

Sustainability/Environmental Consideration

- ➤ OMB Circular A-123, Appendix B, Chapter 10
- Agencies are required to account for the sustainability of products procured with the purchase card
- ➤ <u>Green Procurement Compilation (GPC)</u> consolidates Federal green purchasing information into one location





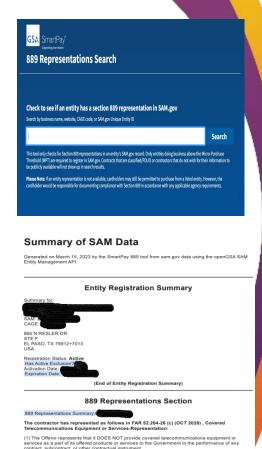






New 889 Search Tool

- Protect your agency by checking the prohibited vendor list before making any telecommunications purchases
- Easy to use search tool
- Search by vendor name, website, CAGE code, or UEI code
- Provides PDF if registered in <u>SAM.gov</u>
- Visit <u>www.smartpay.gsa.gov</u>
- Check out <u>Smart Bulletin 33</u>



Convenience Checks

- Intended only for the use of authorized purchases with merchants that do not accept other forms of payment, such as a GSA SmartPay purchase card
- Provide thieves with an easy way to commit fraud
- Do not offer the same kinds of consumer protections that other GSA SmartPay solutions offer
- > Deducted from total agency spend when calculating refunds
- Agencies are charged a fee for each check written

Convenience Checks

Do not use Convenience Checks:

- > If the vendor otherwise accepts the purchase card
- > To pay for modifications to work under another method of acquisition
- > To reimburse an employee
- > For cash advances, salary payments, cash awards, or any transaction processed through the payroll system
- > For travel-related transportation tickets (air, bus, rail, boat) or meals and/or lodging while an employee is on travel except as related to emergency incident response
- For any other restricted purchase as determined by agency policy

Recurring Payments

<u>General Rule:</u> If the aggregate total of the payments over a 12-month period (or less if the contract duration is shorter) does not exceed the single transaction limit of the account holder, the purchase card may be used.

Scenario: An account holder has a single transaction limit of \$10,000. The account holder is asked to make fifteen (15) equal monthly payments totaling \$12,000 on an order. Can they make the recurring payments using the purchase card?

YES! \$12,000 / 15 = \$800 \$800 x 12 = \$9,600 \$9,600 < \$10,000

Split Purchases

Dividing a single transaction into two or more smaller transactions to stay under the MPT or single transaction limit.

Scenario: An account holder has a single transaction limit of \$10,000. The account holder needs to purchase a flat-bed trailer for a strategic customer with delivery required within 48 hours. The total cost is \$12,000. The account holder calls the vendor, who has one trailer in stock for delivery tomorrow. The account holder is crunched for time, so they ask the vendor to charge their card \$10,000 today and \$2,000 tomorrow to complete the purchase. Is this a split purchase?



Tax Exemption and Surcharges

Tax Exemption

- Purchase Cards are centrally billed accounts (CBAs) and are exempt from sales taxes in all 50 states and U.S. territories
- Some states require tax exemption forms.
- Visit <u>smartpay.gsa.gov</u> and click on the SmartTax icon for more information.

Surcharges

- May be assessed by a retailer and added to the cost of a purchase.
- Surcharges should be disclosed in advance and itemized on the receipt.
- Several states do not allow or limit use of surcharges.

Third Party Payment Processors

Third Party Payment Processors are non-bank entities that provide payment processing services to merchants.

GSA SmartPay Smart Bulletin 23 (March 22, 2024)

"...if a merchant is well known or there is prior purchase history with the merchant, third party payment methods can be safe. Cardholders should still ensure any processing terms and conditions remain advantageous to the Government."

Disputing Transactions

- Unauthorized or incorrect charges
- Charges for merchandise that has not been received
- > Charges for returned merchandise
- > Statement does not include credits issued to the account holder

Disputes must be reported to the bank within 90 days of the transaction's processing date, or dispute rights are lost.

Information can be found in the <u>GSA SmartPay 3 Master Contract</u>, Section C.3.3.14.1, Billing Discrepancies.

Recordkeeping and Retention

- GSA SmartPay® Smart Bulletins <u>25</u> and <u>28</u>
- FAR Subpart 4.703—Contractor Records Retention, Policy
- Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-123,
 Appendix B, Improving the Management of Government Charge Cards (as revised)
- https://www.archives.gov/files/records-mgmt/grs/grs01-1.pdf
 (April 2020)—GRS 1.1, Financial Management and Reporting Records

Misuse and Fraud



Misuse/Abuse

Common examples:

- > Purchases exceed the authorized limit
- > Purchases for which no funding is available
- > Allows others to use his/her purchase account
- > Split transactions
- Products or services that do not meet the Government's requirements
- Purchases for personal consumption
- > Purchases that are not authorized by the agency/organization

Suspected Misuse/Abuse

If a situation occurs where you must report suspected misuse:

- > Contact the account holder
- ➤ If you still have questions, compile all the information (e.g., statement, exception report, documented contacts between you and the account holder, copies of receipts, etc.) before you report it
- > Report to all required parties

Consequences

- > Reprimand
- Counseling
- > Suspension of employment
- > Termination of employment
- Criminal prosecution

Note: Some agencies have agency-specific penalties and consequences for misuse/abuse of the purchase account.

Fraud

Fraud is a deception deliberately practiced with the motive of securing unfair or unlawful gain.



Fraud

Types:

- > Counterfeit Accounts
- > Lost or Stolen
- > Non-Receipt
- > Card Not Present
- > Phishing
- > Identity Theft



Fraud

As a Program Coordinator, you must inform your account holders to:

- Be alert to the indicators of fraud
- Report suspected fraud immediately through the proper channels at your agency

Tools to Reduce Misuse/Fraud

Program Management Tools:

- > Implement credit limits.
- ➤ Use Merchant Category Code (MCC) blocks
- > Review online reports
- > Deactivate accounts
- > Guides

Tools to Reduce Misuse/Fraud

Purchase A/OPCs can:

- > Establish policies and procedures to detect fraud, waste and abuse
- > Emphasize standards of conduct and clearly state consequences for misuse
- Manage delinquency and implement proper training

Best Practices



Best Practices—Suggestions

- Train account holders on the proper use of the purchase account; use ethics training as another source for instruction
- Develop a purchase hotline to respond to account holder questions
- Develop and maintain a purchase-specific website for your agency
- Create a monthly newsletter for agency purchase policies and procedures

Best Practices—Suggestions

- Publish "Frequently Asked Questions" on the agency's internal website
- Send periodic reminders on agency purchase policies and procedures
- > Hold orientation sessions with new account holders
- Email updates to A/OPCs at all levels on program changes
- > Perform annual reviews

Best Practices—Reporting

- ➤ A/OPCs have access to reports to manage your purchase program effectively through your bank's Electronic Access System (EAS).
- > A/OPCs should reach out to your bank for User ID/password.
- > EAS allows for the monitoring of account holder transactions at any time.

Best Practices—Reporting

- > Take the time to understand all available reports.
- > Proactively review reports regularly.
- > Use exception reports to detect misuse of the purchase account or unusual spending patterns.
- Use ad hoc reporting tools to customize and/or develop your own agency reports.
- > Save copies of all generated electronic reports, particularly statistical or summary reports.

Resources

Centralized Mail List Service (CMLS)

CMLS Information

Phone Number: (800) 488-3111

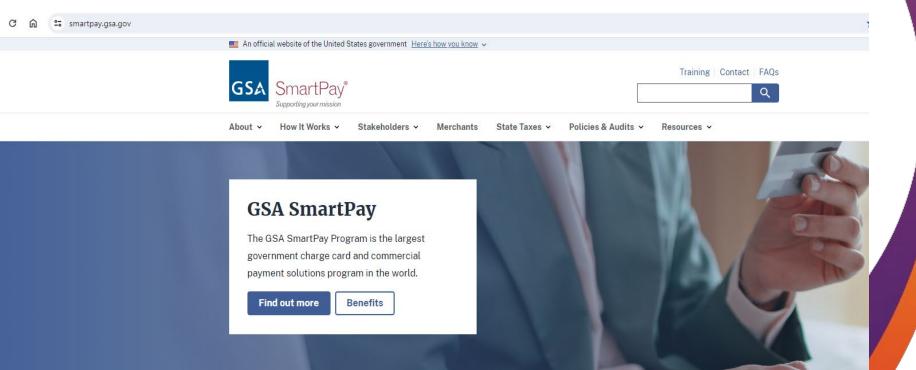
Email: ncsccustomer.service@gsa.gov

Helpful Hints for Purchase Account Use

Forum PowerPoints

- ➤ Go to gsasmartpayforum.org
- > Click on the "Presentations/CLPs" page
- > Then, you'll see how to access GSA PowerPoints, as well as bank/brand PowerPoints
- > GSA PowerPoints are housed on smartpay.gsa.gov

GSA SmartPay Program Website smartpay.gsa.gov



GSA SmartPay Training Website training.smartpay.gsa.gov



Access the purchase training

Take the quiz

Access the travel training

Take the quiz

GSA's Center for Charge Card Management

gsa smartpay@gsa.gov

Monday–Friday 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m. ET Excluding Federal holidays



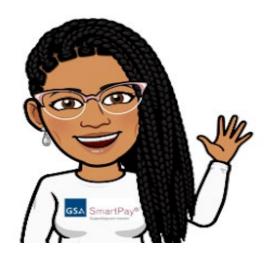
Citibank

- >(800) 790-7206 (within United States)
- >(904) 954-7850 (collect calls from outside the United States)
- ➤ Citibank Online Account Access

U.S. Bank

- >(888) 994-6722 (within United States)
- >(701) 461-2232 (collect calls from outside the United States)
- >U.S. Bank Online Account Access

Thanks for Joining!!



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